Use this guide to prepare for your self-guided visit to the Metropolitan Museum with your students.
Introduction

The Metropolitan Museum’s collection of African art focuses on the heritage of cultures south of the Sahara. It includes figurative sculptures, architectural elements, masks, decorative arts, and textiles, created primarily by artists before the twentieth century from an array of regional traditions. While wood is the major medium, works made of stone, terracotta, gold, silver, brass, and ivory are also included, as are textiles and beadwork. Although few works composed of organic materials made before the nineteenth century have survived, art in more durable media, such as copper alloys, ivory, and terracotta, may date as far back as the thirteenth century.

Through oral traditions and visual forms of expression, African cultures passed down their religious beliefs, accumulated wisdom, and practical knowledge to succeeding generations. As in other parts of the world, African artists created (and continue to create) works that have social, religious, or political dimensions. Many of these works served to reinforce the rank and prestige of regional leaders, others indicate the collective status of initiates invested with specific social responsibilities, or pay tribute to ancestors. In many African cultures, the world of the living is thought to have an invisible otherworldly counterpart of ancestor spirits, deities, or nature spirits that may directly influence human experience. Masquerade performers and spirit mediums use art in rituals to mediate between these two realms in order to promote a community’s well-being and fertility, as well as to educate and solve conflicts.
The African art galleries are located on the first floor in the Michael C. Rockefeller Wing, dedicated to the Arts of Africa, Oceania, and the Americas. The art is presented in geographic sequence and is grouped according to distinct cultural traditions. A first introductory gallery is devoted to the art of Ethiopia and the Horn of Africa. The main adjacent gallery is primarily devoted to art in the western Sudan (the modern nations of Mali, Côte d’Ivoire, Burkina Faso, Guinea, and Sierra Leone). These works were created by artists of many different cultures that live in the region, including the Bamana, Dogon, and Senufo peoples. A selection of textiles from the western Sudan can also be found in this gallery. In the third gallery are works of art from kingdoms such as Benin and the Yoruba in Nigeria and Dahomey in the Republic of Benin, as well as the kingdoms and chiefdoms in the Cameroon Grassfields and from the Democratic Republic of Congo. Other important traditions represented include a range of sculptural forms created by the Baule and Dan peoples of Côte d’Ivoire and Liberia, and the Fang of Gabon.

*Note:* You may find it helpful to start your visit with an examination of the large map of Africa located near the entrance to the galleries.
Planning a Tour

When visiting the Metropolitan Museum with your students, prepare your tour with the following in mind:

• Less is more. Select five or six works of art to discuss over the course of an hour in the galleries.
• Choose works that are located away from doorways and areas that are heavily traversed by visitors.
• Include works that are visible to all students in your group for purposes of discussion and viewing.
• Make sure that there are enough chaperones in your group to divide the students into smaller groups for gallery discussions.
• While touring the galleries, please give priority to lecturers wearing Museum IDs who are guiding groups. If they are discussing a work that you would like your students to see, please select another work to view and discuss in the interim.

Please Note: Although most of the suggested works in this guide will be on view when you visit the Museum, some gallery installations may be subject to change. We recommend that you use Search the Collections online or come to the Museum to verify that the objects you want to discuss are on display prior to bringing your group.

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Recommendations for Engaging Students with Works of Art in the Galleries

• Allow your students to look closely at an object before beginning discussion. Give them time to take it in and organize their thoughts about the work.

• Begin with visual analysis. Ask questions and facilitate open discussion about the fundamentals of the work of art—line, shape, color, texture, form, subject matter, and composition. Challenge your students to articulate and describe what is right in front of their eyes.

• Build on their observations and help them consider an artist’s choices when creating a work of art with a closer examination of composition, size, style, function, and medium.

• Finally, discuss when the work of art was created and how historic events, patronage, literature, science, or technology may have shaped or influenced its production.

More on The Metropolitan Museum of Art Website

Use the following links to relevant in-depth content on the Museum’s website:

The Art of Africa: A Resource for Educators
This Metropolitan Museum publication for teachers provides useful background information about the Museum’s collection as well as lesson plans.

Portraits of African Leadership: Living Rulers
Portraits of African Leadership: Royal Ancestors
Curatorial Departments: Arts of Africa, Oceania, and the Americas
Heilbrunn Timeline of Art History
The Essential Art of African Textiles: Design Without End
Eternal Ancestors: The Art of the Central African Reliquary
Heroic Africans: Legendary Leaders, Iconic Sculptures
Suggested Works of Art to Explore

*Please note that titles, dates, and other object information on the website and on gallery signage may vary as the result of ongoing research.*

**Mask, 19th–20th century**  
Burkina Faso; Bwa peoples  
Wood, pigment, fiber; H. 12 3/8 in. (31.4 cm)  

![Mask](image1)

**Mask, 19th–20th century**  
Côte d’Ivoire; Senufo peoples  
Wood, horn, fiber, cotton, feather, metal, sacrificial material;  
H. of mask 14 1/8 in. (35.9 cm)  

![Mask](image2)

**Headdress, 19th–20th century**  
Mali; Bamana peoples  
Wood, metal bands; H. 35 2/3 in. (male), 28 in. (female)  

![Headdress](image3)

**Seated Couple, 16th–19th century**  
Mali; Dogon peoples  
Wood, metal; H. 28 3/4 in. (73 cm)  
Gift of Lester Wunderman, 1977 (1977.394.15)
Pendant Mask: Iyoba, 16th century
Nigeria; Edo peoples, Court of Benin
Ivory, iron, copper (?); H. 9 3/8 in. (23.8 cm)

Plaque: Warrior and Attendants, 16th–17th century
Nigeria; Edo peoples, Court of Benin
Brass; H. 18 3/4 in. (47.6 cm)
Gift of Mr. and Mrs. Klaus G. Perls, 1990 (1990.332)

Head of an Oba, 16th century (ca. 1550)
Nigeria; Edo peoples, Court of Benin
Brass; H. 9 1/4 in. (23.5 cm)
The Michael C. Rockefeller Memorial Collection, Bequest of Nelson A. Rockefeller, 1979 (1979.206.86)

Lidded Bowl, 17th–18th century
Nigeria; Yoruba, Owo subgroup
Ivory, wood or coconut shell inlay; H. 8 1/4 in. (20.96 cm)
Gift of Mr. and Mrs. Klaus G. Perls, 1991 (1991.17.126a, b)

Caryatid Veranda Post, 20th century
Olowe of Ise (Yoruba, ca. 1873–1938)
Nigeria; Yoruba peoples
Wood, pigment; H. 71 in. (180.3 cm)
Purchase, Lila Acheson Wallace Gift, 1996 (1996.558)
**Stool**, 19th century  
The Buli Master  
Democratic Republic of Congo; Luba peoples  
Wood, metal studs; H. 24 in. (61 cm)  
Purchase, Buckeye Trust and Charles B. Benenson Gifts, Rogers Fund and funds from various donors, 1979 (1979.290)

**Mangaaka Power Figure (Nkisi N’Kondi)**, second half of 19th century  
Democratic Republic of Congo or Angola, Chiloango River Region; Kongo  
Wood, metal, resin, enamel; H. 46 7/16 in. (118 cm)  

**Reliquary Figure**, 19th–20th century  
Gabon; Fang peoples  
Wood, metal, oil patina; H. 25 1/5 in. (64.1 cm)  

**Helmet Mask**, 19th century  
Cameroon, Eastern Grassfields; Kingdom of Bamum  
Wood, copper, glass beads, fiber, cowrie shells; H. 26 in. (66 cm)  

**Prestige Panel**, 19th–20th century  
Democratic Republic of Congo; Kuba peoples  
Raffia palm fiber; L. 45 3/4 in. (116.2 cm)  
Gift of William Goldstein M.D., 1999 (1999.522.15)
Selected Resources

These and many more resources are available in Nolen Library in the Ruth and Harold D. Uris Center for Education.

Teachers


**Students**


